

2018 Was Dismal Banking Year For India

Nirav Modi & Mehul Choksi's Gargantuan Fraud & RBI Governor's Resignation Scar Sector

By Biswajit Choudhury

NEW DELHI: The year leading up to the 2019 general elections was defined by a slow-down in investment, slackening growth, falling GST revenues, the biggest bank fraud and a credit crunch that provoked the most significant crisis in government-RBI relations.

It was topped up by the abrupt resignation of Urjit Patel as the RBI Governor, a rare phenomenon in the banking world. He was immediately replaced by former Economic Affairs Secretary Shaktikanta Das the man who was the vocal face during demonetisation and seen as a 'yes' man of the government.

India, meanwhile, continued to be the fastest growing big economy during 2018 with its gross domestic product (GDP) rising at above 7 per cent, after having slipped to 6.7 per cent in the previous financial year, mainly on account of the impact of demonetisation.

Even as it is projected to overtake China by GDP in the coming year, India jumped 23 spots in the World Bank's Ease of Doing Business rankings to 77th place, continuing its impressive climb on this score for the third year running.

The pace of the country's GDP growth slowed substantially during the second quarter of the current fiscal to 7.1 per cent, from 8.2 per cent in the previous quarter, mainly on the back of a drop in manufacturing, agriculture and



**New RBI Governor
Shaktikanta Das**

mining. By criteria of gross value added (GVA), which includes taxes and excludes subsidies, growth fell to 6.9 per cent from 8 per cent during the April-June period.

On the inflation front, lower food prices kept headline inflation down, which touched a 13-month low of 3.3 per cent in October, and fell further to 2.3 per cent last month. Core inflation, however, continued to remain elevated.

Following the release of the GDP numbers, US agency Fitch Ratings lowered India's growth forecast for the fiscal to 7.2 per cent, from an earlier projection of 7.8 per cent rise, "on weaker-than-expected momentum in the data, higher financing costs and reduced credit availability."

The year witnessed the biggest fraud in Indian banking history with the Rs 14,000 crore scam on state-run Punjab National Bank (PNB) committed over a number of years and reported in February.

The fraud was committed from 2011 till 2017 by illegally issuing letters of undertaking and rolling over foreign letters of credit to diamantaire Nirav Modi and his uncle Mehul Choksi from PNB's Brady House branch in Mumbai.

Both are currently absconding and Interpol has issued red corner notices against them.

Twin storms hit the country in September -- rising fuel prices that climbed new highs daily and a falling rupee that spiralled down to new lows against the US dollar before recovering somewhat towards the end of the month.

The year's global protectionist measures unfolding through the US-China trade war, along with high crude oil prices, put the rupee on a downward spiral, dragging it down to a record low of 72.98 against the US dollar on September 18.

According to analysts, concerns over a rise in inflation rate, growing protectionism in global trade and an outflow of foreign funds from the country's equity markets have had an adverse impact on the Indian currency. It fell nearly 15 per cent since the start of the year to become Asia's worst-performing currency.

On the other hand, transport fuel prices in the country began going up almost daily since August 1, incessantly recording new highs across the country, even as the UK Brent crude oil climbed to \$86 per barrel.

A weak rupee and high excise duty added to the heady mix that made for high petrol and diesel



Nirav Modi

prices in the country before beginning to fall from late October in tandem with global crude prices.

"The widening of the current account deficit amidst tighter global financing conditions should put downward pressure on the currency, and we forecast the rupee to weaken to 75 against the dollar by end-2019," Fitch said.

The defining moment, however, came in December with the resignation of the RBI Governor nine months prematurely and the first such instance since Independence, which prompted Patel's predecessor Raghuram Rajan to say that it should be a cause of concern for all Indians.

The historic tensions in government-central bank relations were re-ignited in October when, in a public lecture, RBI Deputy Governor Viral Acharya talked about the independence of the Reserve Bank, arguing that any compromise could be "potential-

ly catastrophic" for the economy.

The government responded with the Finance Ministry seeking discussions with the central bank under the never-used-before Section 7 of the RBI Act which empowers the government to issue directions to the RBI Governor, who then summoned a meeting of the bank board.

Central to the issue was the government's demand that the RBI hand over its surplus reserves by making changes to the "economic capital framework". Analysts noted that the government's demand came in the face of a huge fiscal deficit and the need to boost the economy in an election year.

Prime Minister Narendra Modi met with Governor Patel before the board meeting and what emerged on November 19 was seen as settling the debate on the central bank's autonomy and clearly establishing the government as a stakeholder in policy making.

The current liquidity crunch, particularly among non-banking finance companies, follows a series of defaults in late October by the privately-run IL&FS.

In hindsight, the words of Suddipto Mundle on the Board of Governors of the National Institute of Public Finance and Policy, after the November board meeting proved prophetic.

"The RBI-government fight has been pushed down, abated for now and postponed, but the NPAs issue continues to remain," he said.

Modi Says He's Committed To Bringing Triple Talaq Law

GANDHINAGAR: Prime Minister Narendra Modi said that despite all "obstacles" from fundamentalists and Opposition, his government was committed to bringing a law against the practice of triple talaq to ensure social justice for Muslim women.

He was addressing the National Convention of BJP's Mahila Morcha over the weekend.

The government had brought the Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Marriage) Bill last year and got it passed in the Lok Sabha the same day, but it was stonewalled in the Rajya Sabha where the ruling National Democratic Alliance (NDA) lacks majority. The Opposition had expressed serious concerns over making triple talaq a criminal offence.

Under the proposed law, a man could be jailed for up to three years for pronouncing an instant divorce (triple talaq) to his wife, which is legitimate under the Hanafi school of Islamic jurisprudence.

Subsequently, the government brought an ordinance on the subject in September this year which

has to be replaced by law in the current session. Otherwise, it will lapse.

Modi said the government had already done away with the condition of a 'mehram' (a male guardian including husband or first blood relations) to accompany a woman on Hajj.

Earlier, Muslim women from India could not go on Hajj alone. The government did away with the condition last year and around 1,300 women performed the Hajj without a mehram.

Modi listed a number of schemes that his government has brought for the welfare of women such as Ujjawala and Surakshit Matritva among others.

"Women are at the centre of several flagship programmes of this government...for the first time there are two women in the Cabinet Committee on Security (CCS)," he said.

Modi asked the Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP) workers present at the conclave to download the Narendra Modi mobile app and asked them to forward the government's various welfare schemes to all their contacts.

Pakistan Rejects Kartarpur Land Swap Offer

ISLAMABAD: Pakistan has rejected India's request to swap Kartarpur with another piece of land in order to make it a part of India. "There is absolutely no question of any land swap," said Pakistan Foreign Office spokesperson Mohammad Faisal here on Thursday, on being asked whether his country would consider handing over the Kartarpur land to India in a swap deal.

Pakistan opened the Kartarpur border in November to facilitate visa free pilgrimage by Indian Sikhs to Kartarpur Sahib gurdwara in Narowal district, where Sikhism's founder Guru Nanak Dev spent the last 18 years of his life. "The Kartarpur Corridor was a gesture for the Sikh minority



community made on their request to provide a visa free corridor, facilitating their visit of a shrine of importance to them."

"The decision to open the Kartarpur Corridor was taken at the state-to-state level and the Indian

government was fully involved in it," Faisal added.

The Indian Punjab Assembly had unanimously passed a resolution on December 14, seeking a land swap deal between the two neighbours on Kartarpur.

Over 210,000 Candidates In Punjab Local Polls

CHANDIGARH: Authorities in Punjab have received 210,494 nominations for panchayat elections in the state.

"A total 48,111 nominations papers have been filed for the post of sarpanchs (village head) and 162,383 nominations papers filed for the post of panches (village council member) in Punjab up to the last date of filling the nomination papers for the pan-

chayat Elections," the State Election Commission said.

Voting for 13,276 panchayats will be held on December 30.

The spokesman said that 83,831 panches would be elected for 13,276 panchayats, from which 17,811 seats are for Scheduled Castes, 12,634 for Scheduled Caste Women, 22,690 for general category women, 4,381 for Backward Classes and 26,315

seats are for the general category.

There are total of over 1.27 crore registered voter.

The commission has established 17,268 polling booths and 86,340 personnel will be deputed on election duty. The expenditure limit for a candidate for the post of sarpanch has been fixed at Rs 30,000 whereas the limit for those contesting for the post of panch has been fixed at Rs 20,000.



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